



Natzarim Yahshua Family Fellowship

Weekly Teen Torah

Training our youth to be sons and daughters of the commandments.

Parsha Yitro
"Jethro"

Exodus/Shemot 18:1-20:26

"If you love me, keep my commandments." Yeshua (John 4: 5)

PORTION IN A NUTSHELL

YITRO (JETHRO)

Moshe's father-in-law, Jethro (Yitro) heard all that Moshe had done for Israel and how Yahweh had brought the people out of Mistrayim (Egypt). Jethro rejoiced for all the good things that Yahweh had done. He then knew that Yahweh was greater than all other gods because he delivered the people from under the hand of the people of Mistrayim (Egypt). Jethro watched Moshe judges the people and suggested that Moshe elect judges to help him solve the people's issues and problems. This way, other people could help bear Moshe's burdens. Moshe did as Jethro suggested. Soon, the people came to the wilderness of Sinai. They camped there. Yahweh asked the people to obey his words. The people agreed to do all that Yahweh asked. The people washed their clothes and came to the mountain. On the third day there was thunder and lightning and thick clouds on the mountain. A loud trumpet blasted. The people feared. The mountain was covered in smoke. Moshe went up the mountain in a cloud. Yahweh told him to go get Aharon (Aaron). They went up together. Yahweh spoke the 10 commandments to them.



**STOP
&
STUDY**

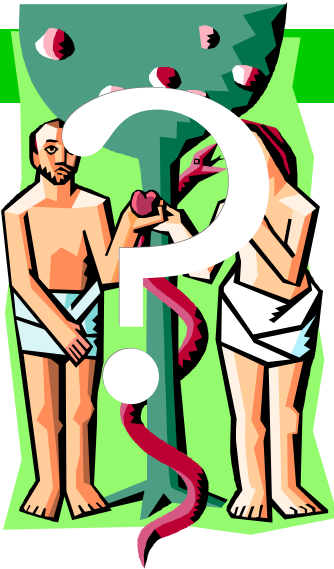
And it shall come to pass, if thou shalt hearken diligently unto the voice of Yahweh

thy Elohim, to observe and to do all his commandments which I command thee this day, that Yahweh thy Elohim will set thee on high above all nations of the earth: And all these blessings shall come on thee, and over-take thee, if thou shalt hearken unto the voice of Yahweh thy Elohim. Blessed shalt thou be in the city, and blessed shalt thou be in the field. Blessed shall be the fruit of thy body, and the fruit of thy ground, and the fruit of thy cattle, the increase of thy kine, and the flocks of thy sheep. Blessed shall be thy basket and thy store. Blessed shalt thou be when thou comest in, and blessed shalt thou be when thou goest out.

STUDY ASSIGNMENT

Read the rest of Deuteronomy chapter 28 this week! Look at all the blessings there are for obedience! Read through the curses for disobedience. Pray and ask Yahweh to help you to be a light in your home and neighborhood. Pray for those who are disobedient and those who do not believe that their eyes would be opened to the blessings that Yahweh offers.

WHAT IS SIN: 101



What is sin? What is the Biblical definition of sin?

1 John 3:4 Whosoever commits sin transgresses also the law: for sin is the transgression of the law.

Romans 14:23 ...whatsoever is not of faith is sin.

The Bible gives us two main definitions of sin. One definition has to do with breaking the law or commandments of Yahweh. The other has to do with anything that does not originate or come from faith. Faith and obedience to Yahweh are important. They help us to grow and change before Yahweh and become mature. Through obedience and faith, we grow into the people that Yahweh calls us to be: leaders, priests, and prophets to the nations around us.

Why is sin the transgression of the law? Why is this “law” so important?

Romans 3:20 ...for by the law is the knowledge of sin.

Romans 7:7 What shall we say then? Is the law sin? Yahweh forbid. Nay, I had not known sin, but by the law...

The Torah (law, instructions) defines what sin is and makes us aware of what we are disobeying and what to fix and adjust in our lives. The Torah is NOT SIN (nor is obedience to the Torah) or bondage but the LAW is what shows us the very character of Yahweh and how we can become more like Him. So you can see why the Apostle John says that “sin is the transgression of the law.”

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Read Exodus 12:49. How many laws does Yahweh give? _____

And who is this law for? _____

What happens if we teach others to disobey Yahweh? Read Mark 5:19 _____

Who is our Savior? Read Isaiah 43:11 _____

Read Romans 6:18. When we have faith, what are we free from? _____

What are we servants to? _____

“OLD” WHAT?

What scriptures did the early believers use to teach that Yahshua is the Messiah and preach the good news to the Nations in the synagogues every Sabbath? They used the Old Testament to teach about the Messiah. The New Testament didn't exist yet!

Was this a new concept in the New Testament to use the Torah to lead others to the Messiah? No. Surprisingly you will find where Yahweh commands the children of Israel to keep His commandments so that the surrounding nations may see the great wisdom of His people and come to worship Yahweh as well.

INTERESTING FACT!

“Keep therefore and do them (instructions); for this is your wisdom and your understanding in the sight of the nations, which shall hear all these statutes, and say, Surely this great nation is a wise and understanding people.”

Deuteronomy 4:6



TORAH CHALLENGE

Learn the names of the PROPHETS, the 2nd pt of TaNaKh.

ENGLISH

Joshua

Judges

Samuel (I & II)

Kings (I & II)

Isaiah

Jeremiah

Ezekiel

HEBREW

Yahoshua

Shophtim

Sh'muel

M'lakhim

Y'shayahu

Yir'mi'yahu

Y'khezqel

The Twelve Prophets are next ...

• check this out •

Hebrew: Tzedaka

English: Righteousness

Hebrew: Emunah

English: Faith

Hebrew: Neviim

English: Prophets

Hebrew: TaNaKh

English: Old Testament

Hebrew: Brit Hadasha

English: New Testament

Mission: POSSIBLE

Tzedaka is the Hebrew word for **righteousness**. In Jewish belief, Tzedaka is giving to others. Many Jewish households have a **Tzedaka box** that they display in the home and in it they place money that can be given to others in need. What can you contribute this week to someone in need? Do you have extra clothes, toys, games, or other items that you can **donate** to someone who needs them? What kinds of things can you suggest to your parents or family members to get involved in **helping** those in your community?

HEBREW LANGUAGE



Tet is the 9th letter in the Alef Bet. It is the number 9. It symbolizes a basket and surround, mud, clay”



Yod is the 10th letter in the Alef Bet. It is the number 10. It symbolizes a hand and means “closed, deed, and to make.”



Kaf/Chaf is the 11th letter in the Alef Bet. It is the number 20. It symbolizes an arm, wing, or open hand. It means “to cover, allow, or strength.”

Traditional Pre Torah reading blessing

(In Hebrew) Baruck Yahweh hamovorach la'olam va-ed. Baruch at-tah Yahweh elo-hey-nu melekh ha-olam asher ba-char ba-nu mik-kol ha-a-min ve-na-tan la-nu et to-ra-to. Baruch at-tah Yahweh to-tein ha to-rah. Amein.

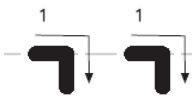
(In English) Blessed are you Yahweh our Elohim king of the universe who chose us from all the peoples and gave to us his Torah. Blessed are you Yahweh giver of the Torah. Amen.

TORAH PORTION THIS WEEK

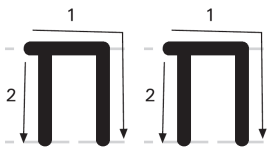
YITRO in Hebrew means “**JETHRO**” and is written in Hebrew below.

יִתְרוֹ “JETHRO”

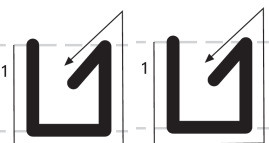
WRITE IT!



*The numbered arrows show the order and direction for drawing the lines. Yod is a small letter.



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